T(5th Sm.)-Economics-H/DSE-B-2/Fin.Eco./CBCS

2020

ECONOMICS — HONOURS

Paper : DSE-B-2

(Financial Economics)

Full Marks : 65

The figures in the margin indicate full marks. Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

Group - A

1. Answer *any ten* questions :

(a)	A person keeps ₹ 4,500 in each of investment options, I_1 and I_2 , for 5 years. I_1 provides 8% simple interest rate per annum where as I_2 provides 6% interest rate compounded yearly. What will be the maturity values of these two investments?	e e 2	
(b)	Suppose, you got ₹ 1,070 on maturity of a deposit of ₹ 1,000 for one year. If the inflation rate for that year was 5%, what was the rate of interest that you got actually on your deposit? 2	r 2	
(c)	Differentiate between Bid price and Ask price of a bond.	2	
(d)	What is yield curve?	2	
(e)	Determine the present value of a perpetuity that pays ₹ 7,200 per year with 15% interest rate. 2		
(f)	How could a risk-averse individual minimize risk of portfolio return when there are n mutual fund that are (i) uncorrelated, (ii) positively correlated? 1+1	.s 1	
(g)	If the spot rates for 1 and 2 years are $S_1 = 6.3\%$ and $S_2 = 6.9\%$, what is the forward rate f_{12} ?	2	
(h)	If the premium on a call option has declined recently, does this decline indicate that the option is a better buy than it was previously?	n 2	
(i)	State the one-fund theorem.	2	
(j)	What is the difference between simple and compound interest?	2	
(k)	What is a commercial paper?	2	
(1)	What is amortization?	2	
(m)	Define price-yield curve.	2	
(n)	State Forward price formula.	2	
(o)	Define Debt Equity Ratio.	2	

Please Turn Over

$T(5th Sm.)-Economics-H/DSE-B-2/Fin.Eco./CBCS \qquad (2)$

Group - B

2. Answer any three questions.

(a) (i) Consider the following informations for two assets :

Asset	<u>r</u>	<u></u> <u></u> <u></u> <u></u>	
А	12%	20%	$\sigma_{AB} = 0.01$
В	15%	18%	

A portfolio is formed with weights $\omega_A = 0.2$ and $\omega_B = 0.8$. Calculate the mean and variance of the portfolio.

(ii) Show the feasible set of two assets in a diagram. (1+2)+2

5

5

5

- (b) Discuss the factors that affect stock option prices.
- (c) Explain the dividend payment process of corporates.
- (d) State and prove the portfolio diagram lemma.
- (e) Two stocks are believed to satisfy the two-factor model

$$r_1 = \alpha_1 + 2f_1 + f_2$$

$$r_2 = \alpha_2 + 3f_1 + 4f_2$$

In addition, there is a risk-free asset with a rate of return of 10%. It is known that $\overline{r_1} = 15\%$ and $\overline{r_2} = 20\%$. What are the values of λ_0 , λ_1 and λ_2 for this model? 5

Group - C

Answer any three questions.

- **3.** Assume that the expected rate of return on the market portfolio is 23% and the risk-free return is 7%. The standard deviation of the market is 32%. Assuming that the market portfolio is efficient.
 - (a) Derive the equation of the capital market line. Interpret the slope of the line.
 - (b) What will be the standard deviation of this position if an expected return of 39% is desired?
 - (c) If you invest ₹ 600 in the risk-free asset and ₹ 1,400 in the market portfolio, how much money should you expect to have at the end of the year?
 - (d) Consider an asset with expected pay-off ₹ 1,000 and covariance of 0.154 with the market. Determine the current value of the asset.
 (2+2)+1+2+3

$(3) \qquad \left(T(5th Sm.) - Economics - H/DSE - B - 2/Fin. Eco./CBCS \right)$

- 4. What is futures? How could you create a synthetic futures contract with purchase of a European call option and sale of a European put option, having same exercise price and same expiration date? 2+8
- 'The CAPM is derived directly from the condition that the market portfolio is a point on the edge of the feasible region that is tangent to the capital market line.'— Discuss the statement.
 10
- 6. Explain three standard explanations (or theories) for the Term Structure.
- 7. Show that points on the efficient frontier can be characterised by an optimisation problem, formulated by Markowitz.