(T(3rd Sm.)-Chemistry-H/Pr./CC-6P/CBCS

2020

CHEMISTRY — HONOURS — PRACTICAL

Paper : CC-6P

(Inorganic Chemistry)

Full Marks : 30

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

- 1. For the estimation of the quantity of Ca^{II} and Mg^{II} present separately in a mixture in g/L :
 - (a) Write down the principle of estimation mentioning all the equations involved and derive the working formula.
 - (b) Using the following data calculate the strength of \sim (M/50) EDTA solution. $2\frac{1}{2}+2\frac{1}{2}$
 - (i) 1.1621 g of Zn-acetate dihydrate has been accurately weighed, transferred to a 250 mL volumetric flask and volume is made up with distilled water in presence of NH_4Cl .
 - (ii) Standardization of \sim (M/50) EDTA by standard Zn-acetate.

No. of	Volume of	Burette reading of EDTA solution (mL)			
titrations	standard Zn-acetate taken (mL)	Initial	Final	Difference	Most frequent reading
1	25	0	25.3	25.3	25.3
2	25	0	25.4	25.4	
3	25	0	25.3	25.3	

- (c) Using the above standardization data, calculate separetely the amount of Ca^{II} and Mg^{II} in g/L by using the following specimen results.
 - (i) Table for estimation of $(Ca^{II} + Mg^{II})$:

No. of	Volume stock solution taken (mL)	Burette reading of EDTA solution (mL)			
titrations		Initial	Final	Difference	Most frequent reading
1	25	0	44.5	44.5	44.5
2	25	0	44.5	44.5	
3	25	0	44.6	44.6	

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(ii) Table for estimation of $\mathrm{Ca}^{\mathrm{II}}$:

No. of	Volume	Burette reading of EDTA solution (mL)				
titrations	stock solution taken (mL)	Initial	Final	Difference	Most frequent reading	
1	25	0	21.7	21.7	21.7	
2	25	0	21.6	21.6		
3	25	0	21.7	21.7		